

THE CHAMPION CHRONICLE

VOLUME 13

CHAMPION, (Alberta) THURSDAY, AUG. 13, 1931

Five Shells
page 7

NUMBER 11

FRAGRANT

Dry Cleaner

Leaves only a faint odor of Old Lavender.

EIGHT OUNCE BOTTLE

35 cents

The Champion Pharmacy
Druggists and Chemists

This Week End

We are offering Heavy Reductions on the price of

... LARD ...

Inquire our prices before buying elsewhere.

ALSO

Our usual Bargains on

FRESH BEEF

Bacon, Etc.

Buy your week's supply on Saturday and save money.

Champion Meat Market

Harvest Goods Below Replacement Prices

Men's Work Socks, sizes 10 to 11, per pair.....	10c
Strong Work Pants, G.W.G., sizes 30 to 38, pair.....	1.50
Men's Bib Overalls in blue or cottonade stripes, pr.....	1.19
All Horsehide Gloves, Reg. \$1.95, this week, pr.....	1.00
Children's Rubber Soled Shoes, all styles and sizes, Cleanup Price, per pair.....	.69c
Ladies' Oxfords and Fancy Ties Rubber Soled Shoes, Cleanup Price, per pair.....	.89c
Heavy Crash Linen Towelling, dark colors, 5 yds.....	.95c
Fly Swats, long wire handles, each.....	10c
Quick Quaker Macaroni, per box.....	15c
Fresh Tomatoes, per basket.....	25c
Fresh Green Apples, 4 lbs.....	45c
Fray Bentes Corned Beef, per can.....	20c
1 Shredded Wheat, 1 Corn Flakes, 1 Kellogg's Pep, all for.....	33c
5 lbs. Alberta Honey, Riedell's, each.....	65c

McCullough Bros.

More Hogs WANTED

CASH on Day of Delivery
Every Hog Graded by
GOVERNMENT GRADER
Will Buy Any Time—Shipping Day
every THURSDAY
Let me be your Shipper,
HARRY SMITH
Phone 1215 for Particulars.

Coal

Therriault Mine
The Best Cook Stove Coal in the vicinity.

\$4.00 per ton at mine.
Delivered in Champion
\$6.00 per ton.

Phone 407
ERNEST RHODES, Operator.

Carماغay Fair Splendid Success

The Carماغay fair, held on Thursday and Friday, August 12 and 13, was one of the most successful fairs in the history of the society despite the unfavorable conditions prevailing. Exhibits in all branches of live stock were excellent in both quantity and quality, while the inside exhibits of garden produce and ladies' work, etc., exceeded the capacity of the building available.

The community exhibits, in which Carماغay and Champion were the competitors were the center of attention, both displays being highly creditable. A close decision gave Carماغay first honors in this event. While evidence of the prevailing dry and hot weather was plainly in evidence it was actually surprising to find that such exhibits were possible this year outside of an irrigated district.

The attractions, which included stampee events and horse races, baseball, horseshoe tournament, etc., were thoroughly enjoyed by the big crowd. Carماغay defeated Stavelo to win the ball game by a score of 8-3, while Carماغay and Tario won the horseshoe events.

A noticeable feature of this year's fair was the increased interest taken by the residents of the Champion district, shown both in attendance and exhibits. This is a matter of congratulation both on the part of this district and the directors of the fair. As a purely agricultural exhibition there is little doubt in anyone's mind that such a fair as was held at Carماغay is more decidedly beneficial from a competitive point of view than the larger fairs can ever hope to be. The continued success of the Carماغay directors in holding and enlarging the patronage of this fair year by year indicates a lot of hard work which deserves recognition and is receiving it.

Half Holiday Discontinued

The Wednesday half holiday will be discontinued in future, and the stores in Champion will be open all day, commencing Wednesday, August 19th.

School Clinic In Progress

The school clinic under the auspices of the Women's Institute is in progress this week. The government clinic will not be travelling south this summer and the local W.I. have made arrangements with Dr. Freeze whereby children attending the clinic and in need of operative treatment can receive same at clinic prices. The fee for removal of tonsils and adenoids is \$15.00. Nursing care in municipal hospital \$1.00 per day.

There was a good turnout to the picture show on Wednesday evening and those present were highly pleased with the entertainment. The sound effects produced are said to be excellent in Campbell's hall. With Harold Lloyd coming next week there should be a bumper crowd.

You'll know me by my FEET
FIRST. See Harold Lloyd Wed., Aug. 19th.

Death Claims Mrs. W. S. Ryan

The death of Mrs. W. S. Ryan, which occurred at the Galt hospital, Lethbridge, on Sunday morning, has caused widespread regret among the many friends she has made in this community, where she had lived for some eight years, leaving with Mr. Ryan for Warner last year. Mrs. Ryan had been ailing for some days but was not considered in the slightest danger. Appendicitis developed, however, and when an operation was undertaken it was found she was beyond help and the fatal ending came quickly. The deceased was in her 44th year. During her long residence here Mrs. Ryan had taken a keen interest in all local organizations, including the Royal Purple, the Women's Institute and the Ladies' Aid, and her departure for Warner was shadowed by the tragic death of their only son, Dell, which occurred in an automobile accident a few years ago.

The funeral has been arranged at Thorold, Ont., where Mrs. Ryan's mother lives, on Friday, August 14th.

Misery is said to love company, and there would appear to be every assurance of lots of company this year.

W.I. Acknowledges Exhibit Assistance

Our community fair work was very successful this year, the number of different varieties being 220 in comparison with 150 of last year.

The display was exceptionally good considering the adverse season we have had to battle with.

The Women's Institute and myself wish to thank all who so willingly contributed vegetables, grains, berries or fruits to this display, as each variety has its little part to play in this large exhibit. We do appreciate very much the friends who were interested to the extent of sending or bringing their best products without collection. It is the first year we have had so many articles brought direct to us. It shows we are growing more and more interested in the work each year.

We are indeed grateful to Mrs. W. A. Summers for the use of her home for collecting and preparing the vegetables for exhibition.

The work of the collecting committee, namely, J. N. Beaulieu, B. N. Woodhall, Mrs. Martin Clever, Mrs. Earl Ditt and Mrs. Arthur Nelson, is greatly appreciated.

The seed committee, Mrs. W. A. Summers, Mrs. Ulrich and Fred Clever, are to be congratulated on their success in collecting various seeds, the total number being seventy-nine, which was considerably more than our opponents had collected.

Mrs. Chamberlain, Mrs. A. W. Jopling, Mrs. Best, the Misses Griffin and Mollie Bastin and Mrs. Millin were wonderful helps in preparing the exhibit.

The decorating committee, Mrs. Moffatt, Mrs. McIntyre and Mrs. Clever are to be complimented on the artistic way in which the booth was decorated in black and white crepe paper. John Harper assisted by making a miniature threshing scene for the foreground. Implements furnished by George Dupuis and J. M. Moffatt were a wonderful help in arranging the display.

A Baker, with his truck, delivered the exhibit to its destination after it was prepared. We appreciate this kindness to the full extent. We are so very pleased with the interest the community as a whole has taken in this display. We are all becoming more and more interested and feel it is something worth while to do for our community.

MRS. J. O. HAUPER

Champion Theatre

Wed., Aug. 19

Harold Lloyd

Feet First



A hurricane of happiness and hilarity.

At the rate of a hundred smiles every half-hour.

If a laugh a day keeps the doctor away—you're in for a whole lifetime of health when you see and hear

"Feet First"

This is the Big Comedy Sensation of the Year!
DON'T MISS IT

It's a heart-quaking, breath-taking shiver and shake, sky high romance.

Pussed U Picture
Regular Prices

CAMPBELLS

It Won't Be Long Now

As the Puppy Dog said when he draped his tail over the chopping block.

HARVEST SPECIALS

Sugar

20 Lb. Sacks

1.20

Tea

Broken Orange Pekoe per lb.
45c

Coffee

Extra Special, lb.

30c

Eggs

Just 100 dozen, per doz.

12 1-2c

And, don't forget everything for Pickles is in now:

Cukes, Cauliflower, Green Peppers, Tomatoes, Onions, etc.

Campbell's

"Where They All Go."

Phone 1003 For Coal!

The Vulcan Mine

Now ready to supply your coal needs.

Four and one-half miles north, one mile east, one and one-half miles north from Champion.

Lump Coal, \$4.00; Nut Coal \$1.50 at mine

Best Coal in the District

GIVE US A TRIAL!

M. POPOVICH, - Owner.

Long Louie Cafe

For Eleven Years the Leading Restaurant in Champion.

With the completion of recent improvements, including re-painting and decorating, we are in a better position than ever to cater to farmers and others during the busy season

As it has been in the past so Long Louie's Will continue in the future to be

The Best Place in Town to Eat

Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, all Kinds of Fruit in Season, Ice Cream the Year Round, etc.

HERBERT J. MABER
SOLICITOR, BARRISTER, NOTARY
VULCAN

At Champion Every Thursday.

A Want Ad Will Do It!

Dr. H. NEWTON HEAL

DENTAL SURGEON

In Champion Tuesday, Friday and Saturday.

Issued every Thursday morning from the office of publication at Champion, Alberta.

Subscription \$1.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

Legal advertisement, 15 cents per line for first insertion, 12 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of Wanted, Lost, Found, Stayed, etc., not exceeding one inch, 50 cents for first insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Commercial rates on application.

THURSDAY, Aug. 13, 1931

THE 1931 HARVEST

In discussing the 1931 harvest estimates for that portion of Alberta lying south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the Lethbridge Herald concludes as follows:

"The estimated crop of 20,000,000 for the section of Alberta south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway indicates that ours is a less than average crop, but it is far from being a failure. If the prices were as good as the crop we would not be complaining. But when we consider that wheat is selling at the lowest price today in more than 80 years, we wonder whether it is worth while to go on raising wheat to feed the world. In 1928 this same part of Alberta shipped 40,000,000 bushels of wheat which, at the prices then prevailing, brought to the farmers a spending power of more than 50,000,000. Today wheat is bringing about 35 cents at the point of delivery in Southern Alberta, and the 20,000,000 bushel crop of this year will bring only \$7,000,000 in new wealth. Can we maintain our present commercial, industrial and social structure upon such a small yearly return? It is a question which must be faced. It is not a pleasant question, but it is a timely one at this time when we are making crop estimates just at the beginning of a new harvest."

As the Herald says, the question asked is unpleasant, but it is one of tremendous importance to the people of this portion of Alberta at the present time. A constant discussion of our unfortunate situation leads to boredom, but to ignore the fact that we are facing heavy losses on the 1931 crop, and an almost impossible financial situation as a result, would be the height of folly.

Tremendous pressure has been brought to bear upon governments and municipal bodies to maintain existing services and to enter upon new construction in order to alleviate present unemployment conditions, and forced contributions in the way of relief during the next year will make a heavy burden of taxation to be borne and in this part of the country, at least there will be very little to bear it with.

The Herald's estimate shows there will be returns about one-seventh of those of 1928 for the wheat crop of 1931. Applied to individuals this estimate would naturally vary, but on the whole it is very close to the facts. Following the experiences of 1920 and 1930, whether the fault of the farmers themselves or otherwise, such a return for this year makes a chaotic financial result inevitable. As a section of the country we have little control in provincial or dominion fields, but in municipal, school and individual expenditure control lies largely at home. Everyone must realize that to maintain "our present commercial, industrial and social structure,"

to quote the Herald, on the same lines as in previous years is not a question of doubt, it is an impossibility. Are we going on then, growing wheat at a loss and continuing to maintain services we cannot pay for, piling up taxes against our property until forced to quit by lack of more borrowing power, or are we going to face the inevitable before it is too late, reduce our ideas of living to our means and try to ride out the storm with at least our shirts on.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

Through the intervention of the Dominion government the Pool is able to offer an initial payment of 35 cents per bushel on the basis of No. 1 Northern at Vancouver; otherwise the farmer will receive 10 cents plus the bonus of 5 cents, making a total in all of 24 cents per bushel at time of delivery. While this is an improvement over the 30 cent payment formerly authorized by the Pool, it seems a pity that while the government was at it the payment had not been made fully up to the present value of the wheat, still allowing the farmer to participate in any price advance. There might have been considerable risk to the government in such a course, but the effect on the country generally would have furnished considerable compensation for such a risk. The total value of the crop is so small that any partial payment to the average farmer only emphasizes the impossibility of his position, but with even a hope of more remuneration in the future caused by rising prices, would induce every possible effort to carry on until such a hope was realized.

Revolution in the near future seems to be a more or less favorite topic in unexpected quarters. Just what form this will take or what results will be achieved has not been decided upon, but that a complete change in something is going to occur has fastened itself on many minds. In Saskatchewan secession from the Dominion was a favorite expression of this idea for a time, but has evidently died out to a great extent, with direct political action, replacing it. Times of depression have always fostered this kind of feeling. Discontent with existing conditions is general, and the fact that the majority of individuals can trace their troubles to their own indiscretions in the past does not help the matter, but rather increases the distaste of facing existing circumstances. The various cures advanced for the falling of commodity values by theorists are also responsible for this expectation of radical change in the system of running things. If a revolution could be staged which would improve things for everybody it might find sufficient favor at large to make it possible but when every man has a different plan for a visionary revolution its inception is a long way off. In the meantime a united effort to make the best of things as they are will do a great deal towards solving the difficulties with which we are surrounded.

Landlords of farms consider they have been done a grave injustice in the allocation of all the five cent bonus for wheat to the tenants of farms. There is no doubt the owners of farms need a bonus just about as badly as the tenants, in fact everybody needs a bonus at the present time. It is evident the man actually working the land was considered in giving the bonus to the exclusion of the owner under the assumption he would be the one requiring it most.

To Be in Accord With the Times



One-Third Off All Commercial Printing

INCLUDING

**Letter Heads
Envelopes
Statements
Billheads
Circulars, Etc.**

The Result is Printed Paper At the Price of Plain.

The Prince Of Wales Greets Delegates To The Congress Of Universities Of The Empire

The Prince of Wales greeting to the delegates to the Congress of Universities of the Empire in the Guildhall, London, England, recently was a Royal welcome in more than one sense and it was a warm one. The Prince of Wales, who is the President of the Congress, has been the recipient of hearty approval. His Royal Highness began his address as president of the Congress, which held its business meetings in Edinburgh, Scotland, a few days later, by reading a message which he had sent the King and His Majesty's reply thereto, the one loyalty and devotion and the other expressing pleasure and welcoming the delegates, especially those from overseas.

The Prince recalled the fact that the eight universities of a century ago had become 53 by the time the first Congress met, and the delegates now assembled or assembling come from 70 different universities. In all, 500 of them have crossed the sea to attend the Congress.

The core of the Prince's subject was the need of educated men today, not only to fill official posts everywhere in the British Empire, but to serve our commerce and industry—vital needs at home and abroad. In a special word of welcome to the overseas visitors he spoke of the "other and better ties" among them the universities, which he liked to think, were displacing those more material links which are disappearing, which had bound the empire together in the past.

"With the growth of our population, our commerce, and our national wealth has grown the need for advanced education, until nearly every great city possesses its university," His Royal Highness said. "At the same time, the duties and responsibilities of universities have increased in equal measure. The need is today greater than ever. Year by year, as the scope of our activities increases, men are called for in every part of the empire, not only to the higher offices, the services, and the government and municipal administrations, but to carry on commerce and industry which are vital to our existence."

"I particularly welcome the presence of so many delegates from overseas, because the old concrete ties which joined our empire together in the past are fast disappearing, and I like to think that they are being replaced by other and better ties, which, though less formal, less tangible, in Burke's words, 'though light as air as are as strong as links of iron.' Among those links surely there can be none stronger or more sound than the universities of the empire. We have a common history and to a great extent common of race and language, of tradition and of interests. This Congress adds the advantage of personal contact and enables us to meet together in social and intellectual intercourse, and to talk over the common problems which beset us all. In a word, it gives us an opportunity of co-operation which is quite as valuable an education as it is to my mind, in most of the other phases of our life. And it seems to me that you have it in your power not only to contribute to the solution of educational problems, but to strengthen the organization and to draw closer the ties of ties of empire."

Victory For The Small
Word comes from London that the creature which is known the world over for its sluggishness—the snail—has won a victory over the world's fastest vehicle—the airplane. The British Royal Air Force held at Lake Habbaniya, near Baghdad, Iraq, a contest between the snail and the airplane. After all other means had been tried to get rid of the creature, the Royal Air Force had to pack up the bag and baggage, including flying machines and all equipment, and move to another base.

They more so comfortably together
that I am beginning to think there must be something in love after all—simpliciter, Mrs. Munich.

W. N. U. 1902

World's Grain Show

Prominent Agro-Scientists From Britain Are Coming To Conference

Two of Great Britain's most noted agricultural scientists, Sir Alfred Hambridge and Sir Roland H. Hime, are to attend the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held in Regina, next year. Efforts to assure the attendance of prominent agro-scientists are meeting with pronounced success, according to Dr. J. H. Griedle, Canada's Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

Sir Alfred is president of the research body of the National Association of British and Irish Millers. At the Regina meet, his attention will be directed particularly to the milling and baking section. A few years ago he gained world-wide recognition by his experiments in conditioning flour.

Head of the School of Agriculture, Cambridge University, Sir Roland was associated for a number of years with Sir Alfred in a series of researches designed to ascertain the nature of strength in flour and wheat. As results, scientists have what is known as the Humphries-Riffin definition of strength, the two-factor nature of strength in flour.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
The Winnipeg Newspaper Union, which has been in existence for some time, is now in a position to take action against the publishers of the city. The union has been successful in securing the right to be represented by a union of its own.

By Annetto
The Winnipeg Newspaper Union, which has been in existence for some time, is now in a position to take action against the publishers of the city. The union has been successful in securing the right to be represented by a union of its own.

314
The Winnipeg Newspaper Union, which has been in existence for some time, is now in a position to take action against the publishers of the city. The union has been successful in securing the right to be represented by a union of its own.

THIS SPORTIVE JACKET DRESS—
SO YOUTHFUL THIS SEASON—
An exceptionally attractive model is this with freshness and charm, so beloved by youth.

The dress was developed in pale blue crepe silk with royal blue dots, and a narrow band of royal blue at the neck and armholes. The jacket resembled the colour scheme to carry out shaggy contrast in royal blue with pale dots. The lighter tones crepe again as trim on the bodice.

And it's so easily copied. And at a small price.

Style No. 314 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Paired flat washable crepe silk, shantung in plain or striped, light cotton mesh, wool jersey and shirting fabric.

Size 36 requires 3½ yards 39-inch with 2½ yards 39-inch contrasting. Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (refund is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size

Name
Town

Alfalfa Hay Most Valuable In Canada

Proper Handling Is Necessary For This Important Forage Crop

Alfalfa hay when properly put up is perhaps the most valuable hay in Canada. Yields as high as 4½ tons per acre have been secured at the Dominion Experimental Station, Wenlock, B.C. A good crop, however, can easily be spoiled by improper handling at harvest time. Unlike some other hays, alfalfa does not give a farmer much leeway in the time of cutting. This should be done when the plants are from about ten to thirty per cent. in bloom. At this time many small shoots will be found at the base of the plants. These shoots will make the second crop. If the time of cutting is delayed these small shoots will be cut off.

When the weather is bright it is easy to put up good alfalfa hay. Since the leaves contain a large part of the nutritive value, it is absolutely necessary that as few as possible of them be lost in the haying operations. When the upper layer of the swath has become wilted it should be put in windrows. A side delivery rake will do the work well in a heavy crop. If the weather is bright and the sun is turned, and this operation can be done with a side delivery. Where the crop is light an ordinary horse rake is preferable. It is best to be put in coils this operation should be done while there is still a certain amount of moisture in the stems, the size of the coils depending on the amount of moisture present. Alfalfa should not be left in the field any longer than necessary.

What Makes A Farm
Track Of Land One Acre Or Over That Produces Crop To Value Of \$50 Or More Is A Farm.
A lot of people in Canada are farmers and don't know it, at least if we take the official definition of the Federal Government as to what constitutes a farm for purposes of the census. A farm is defined as a tract of land of one acre or over which is produced, in 1930, crops of any kind to the value of \$50 or more, which is in crop or being used for pasture during the present year. Just how many farmers there are in Canada on this basis remains to be seen, but they will probably number close to one million. Ten years ago the total was 713,000 and this figure does not include over 30,000 units of land less than one acre producing crops of some value. Department of Agriculture.

Lamps Of The Ages
Museum At Munich, Germany, Has Most Interesting Collection
The German museum at Munich has a most interesting feature to its exhibits in the shape of a collection of street lamps. The collection starts with the first street light used in Paris, a pitch basket. The oil light is represented by an old rapeseed oil lamp. The third, a gas light with five flames, was used in London in 1814. The collection includes lights up to the most modern incandescent lamps.

SHY LITTLE GIRL, AND THE KING
The tiger will not eat an animal not killed by himself.

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Might Let Them Try

Question Is Would Women Rule Country Better Than Men

Somewhere in Portland suggested the other day that, since men had made such a hash of running the country, it was about time to give the women a chance.

Somewhere else replied that women had a majority of the votes already and, if they wanted to run the country, they could do it. He (yes, of course, he was a man) said that women were quite content with "their place in the home."

The war began. Letters to the editor, pro and con, filled the columns of the papers. One woman said that if her sex were running the country they would at least not let people starve. She was probably right. That's just the sort of thing a woman would think in search of food. This is no more true than it is true that the occasional migration of the lemmings may be controlled by the lemmings themselves. They are not some of the lemmings are occasioned by a sudden and uncontrollable desire to have a swim, or the death of the lemming in the ocean, and the destruction of the crops in the path of the grasshoppers seem to be more incidents to a deeper mystery which perhaps is connected with the migration of birds which has yet been unable to explain. Perhaps it is the same urge in the golden plover, the Arctic tern, the little red of Scandinavia and the grasshopper in Nebraska. One may be relieved as a beautiful phenomenon, while the other may be a natural disaster comparable to an earthquake or the eruption of a volcano.

Some months ago there was an article on Asia by R. W. G. Kingston, the famous English explorer, who has travelled all over the world in flight or on the march in different quarters of the world. Major Kingston says: "Their wanderings may be compared to those of the nomad, not pick out the luxuriant places; the arid soil appears to tempt them every where, and they choose the greenest. They march past places rich in food, scarcely heeding them beyond nibbling a little, and on to barrenness once more. Indeed, when actively on the march they will not stop even to nibble if they come upon some succulent morsel. By day that the hoppers show activity. When night falls they halt and spend the hours of darkness either upon the plants they happen to have lit upon or under stones or clods. When it becomes light again they begin to stir, and move on once more to feed. This observer has calculated that they advance a mile in about three hours. As they travel alternately by creeping, jumping, all headed in the same direction."

If one regards the main body as an invading force of colour, the hoppers fall parallel with it several other lesser bodies like streams. These are made up of grasshoppers, too, moving in the same direction as the chief host. On the march they do not appear to be on the lookout for good pastures, but to indulge cannibalistic practices which are not observed at other times. If one is not injured the other will immediately attack it, drawing from the body whatever juices it may contain. Major Kingston, struck with the fact that the matter here was not the mass some of the hoppers might become, they still maintained their direction, caught up and whirled them round in a tin box, thinking that they might be disoriented. But as soon as they were turned loose they resumed their old course, faithful as the needle to the pole. Can these swarms have any connection with the metamorphosis which the insects undergo? The fact that they occur before the final moult is interesting.

A locust moult five times, and it is only with the final moult that its wings are capable of bearing it across the land. Before they are up it remains a hopper. Then it advances a stage and its wings are suitable for carrying it forward. For when it is on the principle of a glider. Presently they become strong and it can soar in the air. Usually as a swarm advances, it is kept under observation, that the flying insects keep on increasing, so that a body which set forth composed exclusively of hoppers may reach its destination as a winged host. This is one of the most thrilling sights of nature. This immense army whose members must be reckoned in the thousands of millions literally fills the sky. Its progress is curious for while the insects seem to be headed in one direction they really advance at right angles to it. The depth of the swarm can only be guessed at but it is several miles thick, and because of different air currents the various strata are seen to advance at different rates of speed.

Sometimes the whole mass will be seen suddenly to change its direction as though upon a common impulse. The Stragglers reaching the same spot hours afterwards will also turn as though a guide post had been left for eggs, air?—Walter Jakob, Berlin.

Reach Removable Age
Triplets, 30 Years Old, Live On Three Continents

Exceeding the proverbial three and ten by an additional 20 years, Charles Mayhew, the eldest of three triplets of an hour of boy triplets, is shortly to celebrate his 30th birthday. Mayhew's two brothers live in Canada and Australia, thus making the veteran triplet combination an empire-girdling party.

Charles Mayhew lives in the King's Cross district of London, England, and was formerly Charles Dickens' shoemaker. Mayhew says that in "Dickens' 'Our Mutual Friend' there is a picture of him at his work. The finish of the Russian was named by Mayhew as the most glorious day of his life. St. Paul's was lit up in celebration of the occasion, and a whole school of the cathedral was there in gait. Mayhew sang at the funeral of the Duke of Wellington. As a boy he sang at St. Clement Danes.

Mayhew worked at his trade until he was 84. He eats as he puts it "himself," everything that comes to hand. He has a standing challenge to any man over 70 to walk to Cambridge, a distance of about fifty miles. Mayhew will use a pair of shoes made at his own bench. He expects to see his 110th birthday in good health.

Honoured Commodore Perry
A group of Canadian and United States dignitaries steamed out in Lake Erie recently to the aged Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry defeated the British 115 years ago, and dedicated a memorial to both the victory and the peace which followed.

The banana plant, tall as it grows, is not a tree because there is no wood in the main stem.

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The March Of Grasshoppers Which Ravage The Countryside Is One Of Nature's Mysteries

N. V. McAree, in Kraft and Empire:

Not living in Nebraska which is being ravaged by a plague of grasshoppers which has already done millions of dollars worth of damage, one can view the thing as a phenomenon rather than as a calamity. The swarms from Nebraska tell of trees, grass, clothing and even pots being devoured by the myriads of insects as they pursue their unpredictable path for ends that remain wrapped in mystery. It is a common notion that grasshoppers swarm over a country-side in search of food. This is no more true than it is true that the occasional migration of the lemmings may be controlled by the lemmings themselves. They are not some of the lemmings are occasioned by a sudden and uncontrollable desire to have a swim, or the death of the lemming in the ocean, and the destruction of the crops in the path of the grasshoppers seem to be more incidents to a deeper mystery which perhaps is connected with the migration of birds which has yet been unable to explain. Perhaps it is the same urge in the golden plover, the Arctic tern, the little red of Scandinavia and the grasshopper in Nebraska. One may be relieved as a beautiful phenomenon, while the other may be a natural disaster comparable to an earthquake or the eruption of a volcano.

Some months ago there was an article on Asia by R. W. G. Kingston, the famous English explorer, who has travelled all over the world in flight or on the march in different quarters of the world. Major Kingston says: "Their wanderings may be compared to those of the nomad, not pick out the luxuriant places; the arid soil appears to tempt them every where, and they choose the greenest. They march past places rich in food, scarcely heeding them beyond nibbling a little, and on to barrenness once more. Indeed, when actively on the march they will not stop even to nibble if they come upon some succulent morsel. By day that the hoppers show activity. When night falls they halt and spend the hours of darkness either upon the plants they happen to have lit upon or under stones or clods. When it becomes light again they begin to stir, and move on once more to feed. This observer has calculated that they advance a mile in about three hours. As they travel alternately by creeping, jumping, all headed in the same direction."

If one regards the main body as an invading force of colour, the hoppers fall parallel with it several other lesser bodies like streams. These are made up of grasshoppers, too, moving in the same direction as the chief host. On the march they do not appear to be on the lookout for good pastures, but to indulge cannibalistic practices which are not observed at other times. If one is not injured the other will immediately attack it, drawing from the body whatever juices it may contain. Major Kingston, struck with the fact that the matter here was not the mass some of the hoppers might become, they still maintained their direction, caught up and whirled them round in a tin box, thinking that they might be disoriented. But as soon as they were turned loose they resumed their old course, faithful as the needle to the pole. Can these swarms have any connection with the metamorphosis which the insects undergo? The fact that they occur before the final moult is interesting.

A locust moult five times, and it is only with the final moult that its wings are capable of bearing it across the land. Before they are up it remains a hopper. Then it advances a stage and its wings are suitable for carrying it forward. For when it is on the principle of a glider. Presently they become strong and it can soar in the air. Usually as a swarm advances, it is kept under observation, that the flying insects keep on increasing, so that a body which set forth composed exclusively of hoppers may reach its destination as a winged host. This is one of the most thrilling sights of nature. This immense army whose members must be reckoned in the thousands of millions literally fills the sky. Its progress is curious for while the insects seem to be headed in one direction they really advance at right angles to it. The depth of the swarm can only be guessed at but it is several miles thick, and because of different air currents the various strata are seen to advance at different rates of speed.

Sometimes the whole mass will be seen suddenly to change its direction as though upon a common impulse. The Stragglers reaching the same spot hours afterwards will also turn as though a guide post had been left for eggs, air?—Walter Jakob, Berlin.

Why Soils Wear Out
Only By Return Of Plant Foods Can Soil Fertility Be Maintained

In many parts of the country one hears a lot about worn-out farms. Soils do wear out by continual cropping, and there are some of the farms, as supplied by Dr. F. T. Shutt, M.A., D.Sc., Dominion Chief, Department of Agriculture. A 25 bushel crop of wheat removes from the soil about 30 pounds of nitrogen, 12 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 7 pounds of potash. In a year, a 200 bushel crop of potatoes removes about 42 pounds of nitrogen, 18 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 60 pounds of potash. Taking an average of these two crop types, the average crop removes 35 pounds of nitrogen, 15 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 23 pounds of potash in one season. According to estimates of the total amount of plant food present in soils of good quality, the available supplies of these three basic food substances would, if not renewed by some means, be completely exhausted in 113 years for the nitrogen, 20 years for the phosphoric acid, and in 22 years for the potash. Only by the return of plant foods can soil be maintained.

Dry Mash For Poultry
Although Higher In Cost It Increases Egg Production
The superiority of the dry mash as a feed for poultry over a wet mash or a combined dry and wet mash is clearly shown in a test conducted during the past four years at the Cope House Experimental Station of the Federal Department of Agriculture.

These tests showed that while feed cost slightly more in the dry mash ration the increase in egg production from flocks of similar size was so substantial that they resulted in a net saving in the cost of producing a dozen eggs of 16 cents.

The laying flock fed the dry mash numbered 88 birds, producing a total of 3,572 eggs, which sold for a total value of \$225.32; while the cost of the dry mash fed was \$73.04, making the average cost per dozen 22 cents.

With a flock of 81 birds fed a wet mash production totalled 2,420 eggs, having a selling value of \$137.04, while the feed cost \$67.92, making the average cost per dozen 28 cents.

Have Been Warned
The ladies can't say they weren't warned. "Within 100 years," Dr. Paul P. Mahaffey, of Springfield, Ill., told the Scientific Association of Chiropractors, they have fed their horses on wearing shoes with high heels.

In its efforts to obtain moisture, a Hawaiian swamp oak less than three feet high and a year old grew a coconut seven feet long.

"My doctor says that sleeping out doors is to make me beautiful." "That explains the charming appearance of most tramp."

For centuries mankind has been trying to cope with the locust plague, and in recent years the locusts have been doing more damage than for thousands of years earlier. The time to attack the insects is before they are as a calamity. The swarms from Nebraska tell of trees, grass, clothing and even pots being devoured by the myriads of insects as they pursue their unpredictable path for ends that remain wrapped in mystery. It is a common notion that grasshoppers swarm over a country-side in search of food. This is no more true than it is true that the occasional migration of the lemmings may be controlled by the lemmings themselves. They are not some of the lemmings are occasioned by a sudden and uncontrollable desire to have a swim, or the death of the lemming in the ocean, and the destruction of the crops in the path of the grasshoppers seem to be more incidents to a deeper mystery which perhaps is connected with the migration of birds which has yet been unable to explain. Perhaps it is the same urge in the golden plover, the Arctic tern, the little red of Scandinavia and the grasshopper in Nebraska. One may be relieved as a beautiful phenomenon, while the other may be a natural disaster comparable to an earthquake or the eruption of a volcano.

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SHY LITTLE GIRL, AND THE KING
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TO
GREAT BRITAIN
and backSPECIAL REDUCED third class
fare to Montreal, Halifax, Glas-
gow, Liverpool, Plymouth or
London and back. Give your nameAug. 1st to Oct. 15th
Return portion valid for 2 years.
Round trip rate to Continental
ports reduced proportionately.

Two sailings a week.

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to the main office.Sail
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ANCHOR-DONALDSONTHE DUSTY
HIGHWAY-BY-
CHRISTINE WHITING
FARMINGTON

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CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued

It was there that Simon found her, coming in from the garden at a frantic summons from the maid, who had heard Gay's cry. The old man perceived the yellow envelope on the floor, and thought: "God help us! she has had bad news."

Then he saw that it was unopened, and hastily tore it with quivering trembling hands. What he read caused him to drop on his knees beside Gay's pallid form, crying, as he tenderly clasped her hands: "Dearie, it's good news! He's safe! Wake up, Gay—wake up and let Uncle Sam tell you."

"... Nick's safe! Can't you hear, dearie? He's safe. Can't you hear Uncle Sam at all?"

It was the doctor who pushed Simon aside. How he got there the old man didn't know. He said, his hand on Gay's pulse: "She's coming round, but we must get her to bed. This means mischief, I fear. It's lucky she was there when she fainted. If she'd had a fall—still, it's all right as it is; but when she knows the truth about that message it will give her a new lease of life, and seven-month babies sometimes turn out as husky as any others. I'll leave her here while I telephone the nurse, though she may not arrive in time. She's just off a case in Brattleboro."

He bent over the patient anxiously. Her eyes fluttered open then closed.

"Gay," he said gently, "wake up. Your husband's safe. He'll be here within a week. Gay, come round. She was looking at him now, but with an expression that brought a chill to the doctor's heart. They were Gay's eyes, yet—

"He's gone," she whispered. "He's never coming home—never, never again."

"No!" cried Simon brokenly, "that ain't true, dearie."

"That!" warned the doctor. He knelt down, and softly stroked her hand. "Gay," he said gently, "listen to me. Nick's safe. He'll be here in a day or two. You misunderstand."

She struggled wildly up. "Don't lie to me! Don't—don't! Didn't I see the message? It was addressed—"

"Oh, why do you try to deceive me? He's gone—I drowned—my Nick! There are sharks in those waters. I know. Haven't I thought of it again when I couldn't sleep? Haven't I seen him—his hair all wet—"

"She sank back, blessedly unconscious again. Six hours later her little girl was born."

CHAPTER XXVII.

Strangely, the only member of the party who felt any regret at leaving

their island refuge, was Angela. In the hours when Nick was absent from camp, building his signal fire, she had made elaborate plans for his conquest. Always optimistic regarding the power of her own charms, she reached her conclusion that she should consider as a rival, a wife who was thousands of miles away. Give her a few weeks more and Nick Hastings would put his arms about her because he wished to. It would not be necessary to simulate a fall, as she had done that night aboard the Sea Bird.

But something must be done to prevent him from starting out in the small boat. Perhaps she could arrange it by suggesting to Amy Meyer that, because of his dependent family, he was Nick's duty to stay in the safest place—his home.

Then he saw that it was unopened, and hastily tore it with quivering trembling hands. What he read caused him to drop on his knees beside Gay's pallid form, crying, as he tenderly clasped her hands: "Dearie, it's good news! He's safe! Wake up, Gay—wake up and let Uncle Sam tell you."

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"She sank back, blessedly unconscious again. Six hours later her little girl was born."

water, idly wondering if his shade of blue would be becoming for a new evening gown. After a moment the Colonel joined her. Deep in her plans for a new gown, Angela smiled absently, and thus encouraged her to begin on one of his reminiscences. This reminds me of the last cruise I ever took," he said absently. "Started from Har Harbour—"

Angela stirred uneasily, wishing that Colonel Nowell had never heard of the state of Maine. Probably his cruise would end at Painter's Neck. He was forever going to Painter's Neck—by steam, by automobile, or by water. It was with relief that she saw Nick and her husband coming toward them. She interrupted the Colonel's narrative to greet them with unusual graciousness; but Colonel Nowell once started, was not to be side-tracked.

"Just telling your wife about the first cruise I ever took," he resumed tirelessly. "You familiar with Maine, Halliday? Great state. Finest coast in the world. Ever heard of a place called Painter's Neck?"

It seemed to Nick that for a person of Captain Nowell's age, he should then, moving nearer to Angela, he said quietly: "Yes, I know the place."

"Really?" The Colonel appeared surprised. "Well, there before your marriage, I suppose."

Angela cast a frightened glance at Nick, but he reassured her by a nod. "No. We had a house there one summer. This is a wonderful day for me on the water, isn't it? But after all, I think I prefer the mountains. Ever been to the White Mountains, Colonel?"

"Why—yes—yes," came feebly from Colonel Nowell. For once he seemed to grope for words. His eyes sought Nick's inquiringly, but he did not meet them because Nick moved closer.

Angela's hands, clutching the rail so rigidly that the veins stood out in harsh, unlovely lines. Then she moved closer, laying one of his hands on hers, protectively.

"Let's sit down," he suggested, and his wife courteously took the chair beside her.

The Colonel tried once more to meet Angela's face, and failing, said more to himself than to her: "Well, guess I'll go round the other side and get a nap. This air makes me sleepy. See you later."

(To Be Continued.)

The Woman Motorist

Practice Making Her As Perfect Driver As A Man

The proof of the pudding is in the eating. The old glibes against the woman motorist are dying before our eyes for the mere reason that they are being proved wrong.

As up and down the world he faces a same keen burning in his breast that will not keep him quiet or rest.

He is a seeder and he finds in every path that turns and winds a hint, a glimpse, a trace of that which flees from his embrace.

Of that which makes derision clear and the joy supreme, the joy unknown.

He is a seeder—so, unpossessed Always the object of his quest; His goal ungrasped, his dream denied, Yet joy goes ever by his side.

For only one who seeks the light Of some white star across the night, Some glow from other realms than this, Can know the utmost heights of bliss.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is remarkable in its quick, effective action. Relieves instantly burns, sprains, toothache and neuralgia. Invaluable for sore throat, cramp and quinsy.

Canada Secures Space

Government Will Exhibit Next Year At British Industries Fair

It is announced by the Department of Trade and Commerce at Ottawa, that reservation of a Canadian section at the British Industries Fair next year has been made by the Canadian Exhibition Commission.

The same space which was previously secured and is located in the heart of the show. Considerable attention has been attracted in past years to the Canadian Government exhibit, which is the only one of its kind from the overseas Dominions and Colonies.

Smarter Than Teacher

The teacher wanted to know why

But he's past his fourteenth year, ain't he?" said Jim's mother, "and me and his father think he's had schoolin' enough."

"Nonsense," said the teacher. "I taught him my education till he was eighteen."

"Oh," said Jim's mother, "but Jim's got brains."

A new farm machine does several jobs at once, combining the work of the spring harrow, the roller and the grain drill.

Instructor For Lindbergh

Gatty Taught Navigation To Famous

Flyer and His Wife

Harold Gatty, navigator of the "Winnie Mae," has "shot the sun" since he was 17 years of age. At that time he was employed as navigator on a merchant marine vessel, after having studied for four years at the Annapolis Naval College.

Gatty remained in the merchant marine service until 1927 when he came to the United States. He became associated with Lt. Commander Philip Van H. Weems, U.S.N., recognized as one of the world's greatest authorities on navigation, and did research work under his direction. Later, when Lieutenant Commander Weems went to Annapolis to teach graduate students, Gatty established a training school near the Grand Central Airport where he taught a modification of Lieutenant Commander Weems's system of celestial navigation.

While there he had many famous pupils, perhaps the most conspicuous of whom are Col. Charles A. Lindbergh and Mrs. Lindbergh.

Gatty's system of navigation is said to be so practical and precise that he can fix the location of his ship in less than a minute after he has observed the sun or a familiar star. To accommodate these observations, a special opening was made in the cabin of the "Winnie Mae."

Keeping the Sea Clean

Britain Considering Bill To Prevent Oil Discharge From Ships

The House of Commons gave first reading to a bill, introduced by Sir Cecil Gordon, Guelph, Ontario, designed to keep the sea clean. The bill would require oil-carrying ships to free their liquid discharge from oil.

Sir Gordon estimates that 2,000,000 tons of crude oil were discharged from oil ships into the sea every day. He estimates that 2,000,000 tons of crude oil were discharged from oil ships into the sea every day.

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ENO'S FRUIT SALT

The Safest, Surest Way To Health

The daily dash of ENO in a glass of water every morning is the safest, surest way to inner cleanliness. And to be inwardly clean is to be healthy.

ENO'S "Fruit Salt" is a delicious health beverage that tones and sweetens the entire system. For constipation, acid stomach, fatigue and biliousness it is without equal.

But remember, only ENO can give ENO results.

Disseminating Knowledge

Free Lectures On Health Subjects Given By Canadian Society

Hygiene Council
The Canadian Society Hygiene Council's Free Radio College of Health has just concluded its third annual term. It is the only college of the kind—unique also because it has no bursar, bursary nor books, no fees, degrees or examinations and only one subject—health.

This term, thousands of Canadians on farms, in villages, towns and cities from coast to coast have heard the voices of lecturers telling them how to prevent disease, typhoid fever, how to beware the early signs of cancer and how to seek health through nature's greatest medicine—sunlight.

Thirty lectures in all have been given and the entire course has been as free as the air that carried it. Sixteen radio stations and scores of daily and weekly newspapers have given free time and free space to the lectures and these were provided free by the Canadian Society Hygiene Council. The result has been a "college" with an unprecedented low running-cost, its only endowment good-will, its lecture-halls the homes of the Canadian public.

The response of this vast, invisible class is attested by letters from every corner of Canada. Lectures have been given in French and English.

The importance of pure milk, the saving of child life through proper care and feedings, mental hygiene, prevention and cure of tuberculosis, the need for regular physical examinations, the need and other subjects close to the hearts of the average Canadians, were dealt with.

Estimate Was Close
Four months ago a blue-eyed young girl wandered into a Little League newspaper office. It was Harold Gatty.

"Will you Post and I," he explained, "know the winner of last year's nonstop air race to Chicago, are going to fly around the world in 10 days, maybe seven. Would that make a story?"

It would. It did. Not only did Post and Gatty go ahead methodically with their preparations; they adhered to the plans with surprising rigour.

Gatty, for instance, said plans showed 107 hours of flying time would be required. The flight took them just 106h. 8m. They figured the ship would make 150 miles an hour. It did, on an average.

It Will Prevent Littered Throat.
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Little Helps For This Week

"If we love one another, God dwelleth in us, and His love is perfected in us."—1 John 1:12

"More blessed 'tis to give than to receive."

No more—no mystic dogma to believe, but a straight way to life.

Only a thread in each day's life to weave.

Only a common duty, in such wise Transfigured by new light, that

Saw how above all truth true love lies.

Saw that, forgetful of my own soul's need, Filling my life with gracious thought and deed, I might leave time—And God—

—Littell's Living Age.

They ask me for secrets of salvation. For myself I know no secrets but this,—to love God with all our hearts and our neighbor as ourselves —Saint Francis de Sales.

Relics Of The Great

High Price Paid For Lock Of Nelson's Hair

A lock of Nelson's hair to be sold by auction in London is likely to prove a valuable memento of the great admiral commanding the highest price.

A wisp of his hair sold some years ago realized no less than \$1,075, or \$300 more than the highest price paid for a similar memento of Napoleon.

And higher than the highest bid for a record for a sample of Wellington's grizzled locks.

The vagaries of the hair relic market are curious. One of Byron's curls sold not long since for \$65, which would have been a good deal for a relic of the poet.

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To Combat Tuberculosis

Remarkable Recoveries Reported From Use Of Natively Remedy

Should the announcement be made that a positive cure had been discovered for that dread scourge tuberculosis, and should the claim be substantiated by incontrovertible evidence, what a sensation it would cause. Recently there has come to the hands of the writer a most remarkable book entitled "Tuberculosis: Its Treatment and Cure With the Help of Umckalooba." The author of this book is a well-known English physician and the publishers are B. Fraser & Co., 42 Maple Road, Tottenham, Park, London, S.W. The author who has been responsible for several previous medical works, candidly sets forth the fact that he was quite sceptical regarding the merits of Umckalooba when it was first drawn to his attention. "Medical men are very conservative about new treatments, and rightly so," says the author. "A year ago I was as profound a sceptic as to the existence of a remedy or cure for consumption, outside the orthodox methods which consist of sanatorium or open-air treatment, as any of my professional colleagues throughout the country."

In 1897, a young English engineer, living in Birmingham, contracted tuberculosis, and was advised by his physician to go to South Africa. He did, and during his sojourn there was induced by a native medicine man to try a preparation made from the root of a native plant, known locally as Umckalooba. To his great surprise, and very soon his health and strength had completely returned. Major Stevens, the man in question, and who by the way, served with distinction during the Great War, had no return of the trouble which he suffered from thirty-one years ago. The author, investigating this case, but needed further corroborative evidence before becoming fully convinced of the merits of the treatment. He accordingly personally investigated over fifty other cases and was finally forced to accept the genuineness of the discovery in the face of the large number of remarkable recoveries. He mentions the fact that a doctor of Geneva, Switzerland, has treated some 750 cases with Umckalooba during the past ten years, and claims to have cured the great majority.

Among the fifty odd cases investigated by the author was that of a man who in May, 1920, was suffering with pulmonary tuberculosis, as diagnosed was confirmed by two other doctors in the neighbourhood, so there was no possible doubt about the existence of the disease.

The symptoms were cough, expectoration, debility, loss of weight, and later on there were several hemorrhages. Following one of these he was removed to a sanatorium in July 1920, where he remained for seven weeks, and from here he was sent to The Downs Sanatorium in London. The fact of his remaining for so long a time in hospital, as it suggests the severity of the disease, is not to be taken as a recommendation. Indeed they are usually transferred to a sanatorium as soon as there is a vacancy. He remained at The Downs Sanatorium for ten months, but appears to have made no progress, for in November of the same year he weighed 115 lbs. and in January he weighed 110 lbs. and the symptoms of the disease were still as bad as when he was first taken to the sanatorium. He was discharged himself, because, though he was getting weaker, in fact, he felt he was going downhill, and was so bad that he had to be conveyed home in a cab.

At this juncture, November, 1920, he commenced to take Umckalooba, having heard of it from a nurse, whose brother claimed to have been cured of tuberculosis by it. He was still losing weight, was very weak, and the symptoms were, in his opinion, more pronounced than he had ever been before.

The subsequent history was as follows: An improvement began to take place at once, which was commented upon by the doctor in attendance. Five weeks after commencing the treatment he had gained 11 lb. in weight. In January, 1921, his weight had increased, so that he was able to take fairly long walks, and the expectoration had diminished by 50 per cent. By April, when examined at the Local Dispensary, he had gained a further 12 lbs. His steady improvement was maintained in the succeeding months, except for a short period when, being without the treatment, some of the symptoms showed a tendency to return.

Towards the end of June, 1921, he was still improving; his weight had increased to 111 lb., and the sputum, for the first time, was negative. Six months after commencing the treatment he was strong enough to take up work as a plasterer's labourer, and he continued at this work. Two subsequent examinations of the sputum also gave negative results. He has remained in good health, and has been regularly at work ever since.

The public, and more particularly the medical profession, are very loath to accept an unorthodox treatment for any serious ailment. There have been so many quick remedies and nostrums foisted on the public, that most people hesitate to experiment with remedies not endorsed by physicians. It would appear from the

book that this is not a proprietary remedy, that it does not contain any secret compound, and that the motive for bringing the matter to the attention of the public is primarily with the hope that it may save many precious lives. Anyone who may write to Charles H. Stevens, 204 Worpole Road, West Wimbledon, S.W. 20, London, England.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 16

SOWING AND REAPING - TEMPERANCE LESSON

Golden Text: "He not despoiled: God is not mocked; for whatsoever a man sows that shall he also reap."—Galatians 6:7.

Lesson: Galatians 6:1-10.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 51:1-15.

Explanations and Comments

Deal Gently With Another's Trespass, verse 1. "Brethren, wrote Paul to the Galatians, let him be caught in a sin, do you who profess the spirit of Christ, set him right; correct him, and bring him back to right actions. The Greek verb means 'bring the man into his place.' It is a metaphor taken from a dislocated limb brought back by skillful surgery into its true position.

We are to be experts in re-setting broken limbs, and in repairing broken hearts. And to be more thorough than we have doctors, and so the fallen are becoming the hopeless and the dying.

Restore such a one in the spirit of gentleness, for the man who has suddenly fallen into sin is not a hardened sinner, and should be dealt with leniently, and remember that similar temptation you also might yield to.

There is no sin which any man hath done, but in another man may do the same.—Augustine.

Share Another's Burden, verse 2. "Bear ye one another's burdens," says the apostle. He who yields to temptation, his sorrow and remorse, may be his burden. But if you will be fulfilling the law of Christ, for Christ's law is love (see Matthew 22:37).

Avoid Self-Deception, verse 3. "The conceits of this world," says the apostle, are vain. It is evident that one who refuses to learn the lesson of his own failure, is a man who is deceiving himself. From a false idea that he is somebody too clever to stoop to another's burden, yet in the sight of God he is only as much of a sinner as the next man.

Do Not Test Your Conduct By That of Others, verse 4. "Let each man prove his own conduct by the example of his own conscience," says the apostle. He may be worse than his neighbor. He should not take others as a standard, and rejoice because he is better than some weaker or worse man. Recall the Pharisee's prayer, "I thank thee, O Lord, I thank thee, for I am not as other men, but compare with Paul's glorifying, "By the grace of God I am what I am."

The Law of Harvest, verse 7. "Be not deceived," says the apostle, "for as they seem to do, so shall they also reap." This is God's law of the spiritual harvest. "Wild oats" are something out of the soil of a man's life that no sowing seed can produce. The relation (The Youth's Companion).

We are only taking of the verse as referring to retribution for wrongdoing. But the happier meaning is "as they sow, so shall they also reap." "Life feeds life," says Alice Cary.

A Harvest of thorns or of flowers? Verse eight is a particular example without breaking His commandment. "He that sows to the flesh," shall reap the harvest of death. "The heart sows into the soil of the spiritual life shall reap the fruit of life."—G. S. Findlay.

Take In Millions Yearly

New York Second Hand Shops Are Always Busy

Furniture, jewelry, books, clothing and office equipment—slightly, used or second-hand—had total sales of \$14,000,000 for the year in 936 stores in the five boroughs, according to an analysis issued by the Merchants Association. The 915 stores in Manhattan do an annual business of almost \$100,000,000.

Furniture leads the field, with 250 stores selling \$2,938,000 worth of domestic appliances. Pawn shops rank next, 114 shops disposing of goods valued at \$2,550,000 annually. Record books, sold from thirty stores, totaled \$300,000. Sixty-five dealers in used automobiles.

Second-hand books, sold from thirty stores, totaled \$300,000. Sixty-five dealers in used automobiles.

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The Adventures of CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTTIE

WHAT CAME FIRST—Captain Jimmy and his friend Scottie, Jack Stone, a Chinese sailor, they bargain with General Pao for his assistance, in exchange for giving him over to Japan.

We worked secretly on our plans for several days. The body, we covered with a white cloth, and hid it in a cave. The body, we covered with a white cloth, and hid it in a cave.

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sample of the handi-crafts of the north in the cliffs proved a welcome reason, and the men, after a long and arduous search, were at last able to find the entrance to the cave. As we climbed upward, the air grew cooler, and the rocks became more and more craggy. The cave was a long and narrow passage, and the walls were covered with the same craggy rocks. The cave was a long and narrow passage, and the walls were covered with the same craggy rocks.

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CONSERVATIVES VICTORIOUS IN P.E.I. ELECTIONS

Charlottetown, P.E.I.—Conservative leaders of 13 seats in the general election in Prince Edward Island, said Hon. J. D. Stewart, in the premiership of the province with a majority of eight, after his four years' opposition leadership in the general assembly. The standing of the party will be: Conservatives, 19; Liberals, 11. Returns from several polls are still missing, but they cannot possibly affect the result.

The last district in which the results were out to the result of polling was the second of Prince County, in which Ramsay, Conservative, and Dennis, Liberal, ran a close race for councillor. The Liberal majority in this seat is 10, according to complete returns. Sharp, Conservative, is elected as assemblyman in the second district of Prince, with a majority of 38 over Laidlaw, Liberal.

Brilliant summer weather prevailing throughout the day resulted in the recording of a larger vote than usual. Premier Lea retained his seat in the fourth district of Prince by the slim margin of 14 votes, and five of his colleagues in the government went down to defeat.

They were: Hon. E. W. Leppage, Peter Sinclair, Russell Clark, J. F. MacNeill and Horace Wright, all members without portfolio. The member of the Liberal opposition elected, apart from the premier, was Hon. J. P. McIntyre, Minister of Public Works, who was returned by a majority of 20 votes. Mr. Campbell, former attorney-general, defeated in a by-election last year, was successful.

Hon. J. D. Stewart returns to the premiership of Prince Edward Island after an interval of four years. His government went down in the general election of June, 1927, when he had appealed to the country on a policy of government control of the sale of liquor. The party was not an issue in the recent contest. Mr. Stewart having announced that he intended he would enforce the present prohibitory law.

Mr. Stewart returns with four of his former colleagues in the government. Hon. Frank MacNeil, formerly Minister of Public Works, and Hon. A. P. Arsenault, Mr. L. Jenkins, Mr. J. D. MacNeill, and Mr. Wright, without portfolio. He had appealed to the electorate on alleged extravagance of the Lea Government in the matter of highway construction and promised improvement in technical and agricultural education along with the best efforts towards full implementation of the Lagan road plan.

Aid For Western Churches

Support Pledged By United Church of Canada.

Toronto, Ont.—Financial support necessary to maintain 1,000 churches in Saskatchewan has been pledged by the United Church of Canada at its meetings which concluded here. Gifts of clothing for needy people in the west were also promised.

The pledges followed a tour through the drought-stricken area of southern Saskatchewan by Dr. E. H. Oliver, of Saskatoon, moderator. Arrangements have been made for a conference between Dr. R. B. Cochrane, secretary of the Home Mission Board, and leaders of the Women's Missionary Society, in order to lay relief plans.

A resolution passed by the executive of the Home Mission Board declared that the board "up to the limit of its financial ability will endeavour to keep open all the churches in this area by making such grants as will enable them to carry on without hardship."

Epidemic Under Control

Spread Of Anthrax In Eastern Manitoba Believed To Be Checked.

Winnipeg, Man.—Dr. Alfred Barrett, Chief Animal Pathologist for Manitoba, announced that the anthrax epidemic among horses in eastern Manitoba was under control and was confident the disease would not spread. Sixteen horses used in highway construction between Renise, Man., and Ingo, Ont., died during the brief epidemic which was checked when serum was rushed to the area.

Both Dominion and Provincial Government veterinarians and sanitary and contagious disease officials were present in the hearing. The danger of the epidemic spreading was believed to be averted. The district was still closed to the public.

W. N. U. 1902

Message Of Hope

Hon. Frank Oliver Appeals For Highest Optimism Of Western People

Edmonton, Alberta.—A message of hope and faith in Canada's great northwest was left with the Edmonton Canadian Club by Hon. Frank Oliver, one of the pioneers of the west.

A subject close to his heart and which, perhaps, none is better able to deal, Hon. Mr. Oliver dealt broadly with it and appealed for the highest optimism of western people throughout the trying readjustment now taking place.

"With our vast area; with our soil conditions that excel; with a climate that stimulates both mental and physical activity; with ocean ports open the year round; with the ideals of industry and thrift, of courage and endurance, of foresight and enterprise firmly planted, may we not fairly look forward to the great northwest becoming in due course and in very truth the very heart of Canada?" said Hon. Mr. Oliver, concluding an address punctuated with warm applause.

Immigration Falls Off

Greatest Decrease Shown In Arrivals From Other Than Britain and U.S. Ports

Ottawa, Ont.—Immigration to Canada during June showed a decrease of 76 per cent. compared with June of 1927. The number of arrivals being 5,100 and 13,171, respectively. According to a statement issued by Hon. Wesley A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, the total immigration to Canada in the three months, April 1 to June 30, 1931, has been 10,188, as compared with 16,882 in the same three months a year ago.

The greatest decrease is shown in immigration other than that from the British Isles and the United States. The present small movement from continental Europe consists almost entirely of the children of immigrants of Europeans already permanently settled in Canada.

Total immigration for the first three months of the present fiscal year, compared with the corresponding period a year ago consisted of 10,188, as compared with 16,882; of other countries 1,555, compared with 23,791.

Will Visit West

Experts Will Study Needs Of Prairie Provinces For Farm Relief

Ottawa, Ont.—Studying the needs of the prairie provinces for farm relief, particularly Saskatchewan, a party of department officials, headed by Hon. Nicholas, Minister of Agriculture, will leave for the west at once.

Mr. Weir will be accompanied by Prof. E. Kirk, newly appointed from Saskatchewan University to be Dominion Agrostologist; Dr. E. S. Archibald, Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms, and J. G. Taggart, superintendent of the Experimental Farm at Swift Current.

Public meetings will be held during the visit of the department officials in the west. Instead they will visit the worst stricken districts out areas and discuss ways and means of aiding those in need of assistance.

It is thought that those men who, in more prosperous years, led the different communities in successful farming will be the most likely to give sound advice as to the most effective aid the governments can give.

Lad Shoots Officer

Ten-Year-Old Boy, Caught In Robbery, Shoots Sheriff

Lasloin, Shas.—Sheriff John Worrell was shot and killed by a ten-year-old boy, who said he had been promised \$2 and a trip to Canada for the robbery.

The boy, Hubert Nichols, Jr., was found robbing the Klaua Mercantile store and was captured by the Deputy Sheriff, Wayne Laidlaw, and Peter Klaus, owner of the store.

While the sheriff was searching the store, the deputy said, the boy, hidden behind a vinegar barrel, fired at him from a distance of five feet. The bullet pierced the officer's brain.

Yon Nichols threw away his pistol and surrendered without resistance.

Treaty Now In Force

Ottawa, Ont.—The new Canada-Australia trade agreement has been proclaimed in both countries. Announcement to this effect was made recently by Premier R. B. Bennett, issuing of proclamations in Canada and Australia brings the trade arrangements between the two countries into immediate operation.

Indians Treated For Infantile Paralysis

Outbreak Of Disease At Fort George Has Been Checked

North Bay, Ont.—The outbreak of infantile paralysis among Indians at Fort George is well under control, according to a report brought back from the settlement by Pilot Byrnes, of the Indian hospital air force. Byrnes landed his plane on Trout Lake near here after flying to the Indian colony with a quantity of infantile paralysis serum.

Fort George is about 150 miles north of James Bay. The serum was rushed from Ottawa by aeroplane when word of the outbreak was received by the department of Indian Affairs. Byrnes flew to Moose Factory, picked up a physician, and then continued to Fort George.

The serum was administered immediately and it was expected by the doctor that the outbreak of the malady spreading had been removed. Pilot Byrnes flew back to Ottawa.

CHINESE FLOODS TAKE HEAVY TOLL OF LIFE

Hankow, China.—Floods have rolled over 16 provinces of China and uncounted thousands were reported drowned. Hundreds of thousands were homeless, threatened by famine and disease.

All central China sent stories of distress and appeals for aid. Fifty million people, the Government's relief committee estimated, were afflicted, or soon would be, by the catastrophe.

China's great rivers, the Yangtze and the Yellow, fed by swollen tributaries after torrential rains, overflowed their banks and inundated wide expanses of country.

Many cities were flood-wracked. Unable to bury their dead in submerged cemeteries, the Chinese allowed bodies to float down rivers.

No tally of victims was possible, but the Chinese press reported "several thousands" drowned in the cities of Hankow, Wuchang and Han Yang, and their environs. Those cities, with total population of 1,200,000, including 1,200 white foreigners, were partly under water and fighting to keep back the Yangtze and Han Rivers, which were pouring through broken dykes.

Nearly all of Hankow was flooded, but 200,000 refugees fled to higher places. Thirty thousand more were swimming daily to railway embankments and highways to join them. With pestilential conditions in refugee camps, it was feared disease would strike heavily.

Scores of Hankow homeless were taken across the two-mile-wide Yangtze to Wuchang in small boats, hoping for shelter and safety in the hills.

Never in modern times has the Yangtze reached such heights. Shipping was unable to proceed up-stream and cargoes could not be landed at docks.

LIVE STOCK HEAD



G. B. Rothwell of Ottawa, who has been appointed Dominion Live Stock Commissioner to succeed H. Arkell, who resigned some months ago.

Preparing Relief Plans

Government Will Be Making Detailed Plans For Relief Work

Ottawa, Ont.—Highway construction will be concentrated upon throughout Canada as a means of taking care of single unemployed men. This intimation was given by Hon. G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labour, in discussing the program of the government, respecting unemployed relief. Preliminary conferences have already taken place with several of the provincial governments, Senator Robertson said, and within the next week or so a definite announcement may be expected as to the working out of the plan.

"The general view of the municipalities," he stated, "appears to be that they will be reduced to their efforts to find employment for married men providing the provinces and the Dominion provide work outside the cities for single men, particularly transients. Although the government's final decision has not been made, the probability is that highway construction will be carried on extensively to take care of men without families."

Until all the provinces have an opportunity to present their views, the Minister said, details on the plan, such as the amount provided for each province, nature of the construction camps to be set up and rates of wages to be paid, could not be indicated.

Germany Cuts Budget

Finance Minister Expects Economies In All Departments

Berlin, Germany.—Vice-Chancellor Hermann Dietrich, who also is Finance Minister, asserted that every criticism of extravagance in the German Federal Budget made by S. Parker Gilbert while he was general manager for reparations payments had been met in the budget for 1931.

"We have cut the budget to the bone," said Dr. Dietrich, "we have gone through every department with the pruning knife, and now we can say that the 1931 budget really is one of drastic economy."

ROYAL VISITORS



Paying an extended visit to western Canada upon their return journey to their homeland, their Majesty King and Queen, will be accompanied by a party of 10. The party is travelling by special Canadian Pacific train to Vancouver, where, after a short Vancouver Island cruise, they will sail on the "Empress of Canada," September 12th. In the pictures above are shown their Majesties and below the Banff Springs Hotel where they will reside for two weeks, during which time His Majesty will officially open the Banff Scottish Gardens.

Winnipeg Bank Robbery

Manager Fires Five Shots, But Bandits Escape With Cash

Winnipeg, Man.—In a quiet residential district of Winnipeg bank bandits injected great excitement as they held up a branch of the Royal Bank of Canada, escaping with \$1,000. The robbery occurred at the corner of Mountain Avenue and McGregor Street, in the north end of the city, the robbers gaining their freedom in a speeding automobile followed by five shots aimed at them by the manager of the bank.

Entering the establishment five minutes before closing time, the bandits forced the manager, E. L. Mandy, and teller, A. V. Monin, into a back room.

One of the bandits thrust the cash into his pocket, then, with his companion, dashed for the door and into a waiting auto. As the holdup artists fled in the car, Manager Mandy grabbed his revolver from his desk and fired five shots at them, but none apparently struck their mark. A driver of a truck passing at the time, noticed the fleeing pair and gave chase, but the bandit car eluded the slow truck.

Winnipeg, Man.—Two men are held by Winnipeg police in connection with the hold-up. Arrested at Winnipeg, 50 miles from here, the men gave their names as Charles Scates and John Conlon. Both the men are about 20 years of age and were taken into custody along with another man and three girls at the Beach hotel.

Nautilus Proceeds Northward

Experts, However, Believe There Is Little Possibility Of Reaching Pole This Year

Bergen, Norway.—The Arctic submarine "Nautilus" left for Tromsø, Norway en route to Spitzbergen, but one member of the crew, said and disappeared, leaving behind.

Si Herbert Wilkins' American cook was replaced by a Norwegian. The cook disconsolately told interviewers that he had been rejected because he was getting so fat it would be difficult for him to escape over the ice in case of emergency.

Polar experts here said there was small possibility of Wilkins reaching the pole this year.

AGREEMENT REACHED ON WHEAT POLICY

Ottawa, Ont.—Satisfactory arrangements have been made in connection with handling of the 1931 wheat crop. This was announced by the conclusion of the wheat conference between Premier R. B. Bennett and the Dominion wheat growers.

Discussions on financial arrangements for the handling of the 1931 wheat crop were attended by representatives of several banks, including the Royal Bank and of Commerce. The bank representatives sat in with the Prime Minister, Premier J. E. A. Macpherson, Hon. Howard Macpherson, Provincial Treasurer and Minister of Municipal Affairs for Saskatchewan, John J. McFarland, general manager of the selling agency of the wheat pool; President A. J. McPhail, of the Saskatchewan Wheat pool and other prairie representatives.

Following conclusion of the conversations, western government and wheat pool representatives left for the west. Ottawa, Ont.—As a result of conferences between western wheat pools, the prairie governments and the Dominion, a revised wheat marketing policy has been agreed to. In addition to Federal guarantee of operations of the trading corporation which is to handle grain marketed through pool elevators, there will be a Federal guarantee of pooled wheat at the rate of 30 cents per bushel.

In other words, the policy outlined in Premier Bennett's letter to the prairie governments will be carried through. But, in addition, the Dominion will guarantee any wheat that may be pooled to the extent of 30 cents per bushel payment per bushel. The position of the pool elevators this fall, therefore, will be this:

All pool farmers will be released from their pool contracts. They will be free to pool their wheat, free to sell it outright. They will sell outright through the pool elevators, they will be paid the full market price. The transaction will be carried through by the new trading corporation. If this corporation makes any profit on the year's operation, such profit will be distributed among farmers. The trading corporation, while operating in an ordinary commercial way, will be a co-operative enterprise.

OPPOSITION TO IMMIGRATION OF DOUKHOBORS

Winnipeg, Man.—While the four western provinces and the Dominion Department of Immigration unanimously posted up "no-more-Doukhobor" immigration signs, Peter Vereb, leader of the religious sect in Canada, reiterated his intention of bringing between 20,000 and 30,000 Doukhobors from Europe to Canada in the near future and settling them on farm lands in western communities.

Migration movement plans would be carried forward, Veregin said, despite protests of the governments. The thousands of newcomers would be brought to Canada and, if the Dominion turned them away, they would be taken to "some other" country.

"Blessed," added the chief of all Doukhobors in Canada, "the communities of Doukhobors now in this country shall be moved to another country."

Veregin said the immigrants would be able to meet financial regulations set up by the Canadian Department of Immigration. The majority would come from Russia and Germany. He made no comment on the mention by Ottawa officials that under Soviet regulations the Doukhobors could not bring any amount of capital out of Russia, and so could not qualify for entry.

"The Doukhobor immigrants whom we propose bringing to Canada will be able to satisfy department regulations in respect to money possessions, land for settlement, etc.," Veregin said. "I have already purchased and paid for with cash, land for them to go on. They will be set up in homes and supplied with implements, stock and so forth, and they will not be a charge on the people of Canada."

At the present time I have thousands of people already in my reception in British Columbia, Alberta, and Saskatchewan, and in British Columbia alone, \$500,000 worth of lumber ready for sale to build homes for them."

"Veregin said he would leave for Europe in a few days. "What I am doing, I feel I should do for my people," he said, "but what the Canadian people decide to do rests with themselves."

While officials of western governments said they had no information regarding the Veregin scheme, they indicated protest would be made against the bringing of more Doukhobors to Canada. Premier S. F. Tomin, of British Columbia, immediately wired to Hon. W. A. Gordon, Dominion Minister of Immigration, asking that the proposed migration be stopped. "Veregin will never get them past Mr. Gordon," he said.

Hon. George Headley, acting premier of Alberta, said his government did not desire immigration of any sort at the present time, and that M. A. Macpherson, attorney-general of Saskatchewan, indicated his government, asking that the proposed Doukhobor newcomers. Premier John Bracken said the Manitoba Government was opposed to all immigration to the province while the depression continues.

Unemployment Insurance

Preparing For Establishment Of Dominion-Wide System

Calgary, Alberta.—Collection of data is now under way in preparation for establishment of a Dominion-wide system of contributory unemployment insurance. Said Dr. G. D. Stanley, M.P. for Calgary East, on his return to Calgary from Ottawa.

"The Federal Government aims to have the system in operation as soon as possible. It is desirable to begin in the alleviation of conditions due to the present economic depression," he said.

Dr. Stanley added that the Federal Government was gathering all information available, including the results of the new bill introduced and would base its system purely on ordinary principles adopted by insurance companies, employers, employers and the government would contribute.

Thinks Soviet Plan Will Fail

Toronto, Ont.—The five-year plan of Soviet Russia is doomed to failure, according to Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, Canadian High Commissioner in London, England, and former Conservative Premier of Ontario. In an interview here, he asserted his belief that the collapse of the plan was inevitable.

Douglas, capital of the Isle of Man, has 1,000 less people than in 1924.

CHAMPION CHATTER

Vol. 4 Thursday, Aug. 13, 1931 No. 33

Published in the interest of the People of Champion and Farmers of the vicinity.
GEO. L. DUPUE, Editor.

The first hundred years may be the hardest, but the Harvester Company will strive even harder to serve you in the next hundred years, than they have so efficiently done during the first century, which is now completed.

We know that the community joins us in extending our heartfelt sympathy to Mr. Ryan in his recent bereavement.

You can save a few cents by securing this country for low-priced twine, but if the balls run a couple of hundred feet short you will never know what a poor bargain you made. Get the big ball of Mr. Dye and be sure of satisfaction.

Harvest operations are

getting under way and wheat is being delivered to the elevators. C. Davis, L. Warren and J. Marshall are among the first to start their combines. The grades are good and the yields are fair.

We have an excellent boy in a Dodge light delivery, priced like your wheel.

Horace Johnson told us this one: "What does steel wool come from?" "Hydraulic ram, of course."

Wm. Penn Motor Oils. "Still the Best."

East (as car drivers say): "Juice?" "Vell, vat if ve are—don't ve get no gas?"

"You know of course that Mary's only a Janitor's daughter, don't you?" "Yes, but she certainly knows how to turn on the heat."

French Motor Oils at

55 cents and "good oil too."

Nobody ever added up the value of a smile. We know how much a dollar's worth

and how much is a smile. We know the distance to the sun. The size and weight of earth. But no one here can tell us just

How much a smile is worth.

How much a smile is worth.

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Ireland, Elsie McLean, Scotland, Marion Gardener, France, Jean Gardener, U.S.A., Adeline Peters, all other nations, Helen Farmer, Mrs. McLean in presenting the Union Jack to Canada sang "It's only an old piece of bunting." Leola Johnson and Audrey Luehst acted as accompanists at the piano and violin respectively.

A vote of thanks and appreciation in behalf of all present was tendered by Mrs. Baubier to Mrs. O. Harper for her untiring efforts in connection with the Community Fair Exhibit and to all those who gave their support, in various ways.

Mrs. Cowell was appointed official delegate to the constituency conference to be held in Carmanag August 21st.

Those interested in gardens are reminded that October 1st is Penny day. Bulbs can be procured through the Women's Institute on application to the secretary. A delicious lunch was served at the close of the meeting by the hostesses Madames Woodhull, Williamson and Farmer assisted by several young ladies.

Solely for Laughs

Up on your toes, down on your heels! Get an eyeful of just how it feels! To be young, happy, danger unconscious—and love!

Registration of Threshing Machines.

(Sec. 9, Chap. 183, R.S.A. 1922) Every person, firm or company, owning or operating a threshing machine or separator (including corn blower), or causing the same to be operated, shall each year before commencing operations register machine or machines with the Minister of Agriculture, and shall procure a certificate of registration. Registration fee—One dollar for each machine.

Apply: H. A. CRAIG, Deputy Minister, Dept. of Agriculture, Edmonton, Alberta.

Want Ads.

The Real Business Getters

For Sale

A number of grade Oxford Ewes and Lamb, also 50 Dredshire Vanner Pigs at \$2.00 and \$2.50 or \$2.00 for lot. Apply to Mrs. F. E. McLean, one mile west and 4 miles south of Champion.

FRESH

Vegetables

including CARROTS, BEETS, PEAS, BEANS, LETTUCE, GREEN ONIONS, RADISHES. CABBAGE first week in August.

Very moderate price at Garden, 14 miles east and 1 mile south of Champion.

LARS HJELLE

ANNOUNCEMENT

Bread! Bread!

During the busy season we are quoting Special Prices on our Best Bread.

Fresh from the Oven to your Table

White—Brown—Raisin

Please leave your order for quantities. Thank you.

COATES & HANCOCK

HOME BAKERY CHAMPION

Sam Fong Cafe

FRIGIDAIRE ICE CREAM AND FRUIT CIGARS CIGARETTES TOBACCOES

SOFT DRINKS, ETC. ROOMS

Best Meals in Town Bread For Sale

"WE'LL GIVE YOU MORE TIRE MILES FOR YOUR MONEY"



BUSINESS cars, light delivery cars and taxis go farther with fewer interruptions on Goodyear Heavy Duty Tires. Road shocks at high speeds hold no terrors for the specially-built Superweld carcass of the Goodyear Heavy Duty. The sharp, rugged blocks of its All-Weather Tread resist every effort of rain, snow and ice to slow up schedules.

We're proud to sell the Goodyear Heavy Duty Tire. We would like to put it on just one of your cars or trucks to prove what it can do for you. Why not make this worthwhile experiment now?

CENTRAL SERVICE STATION

Telephone 19 CHAMPION ALBERTA

Put a new Goodyear Tube in every new car.

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In All Its Branches

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Champion, Alberta



Champion Lodge A. F. & A. M. G. R. A.

Meets second Thursday in each month. Visiting brethren welcome. J. D. HENDERSON, W. M. G. L. DUPUE, Secretary.

For Tea, Coffee, Fancy Cheese, Canned Fish, Etc.

See

Gunder Nerison

2 Used Ranges

Either will appeal to the thrifty buyer, \$35 and \$50-

2 Delaval Cream Separators in Stock

Can be had at a price that will surprise you.

Whiz Fly Fume-Fly Catchers Fly Swats, etc.

Blinder canvas Rivets-Staples and a complete stock of Tools and other Harvest Accessories.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING

Farmer's Hardware

Everything in Good Building Materials

At this season we recommend Beaver Combination Storm Screen Doors

They'll last a life time.

Beaver Oak Floors and others.

BEAVER (ALBERTA) LUMBER

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At Your Service

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Coal, Coal!

New Mine New Scales Better Coal

The public is invited to try the product of our new mine. New and up-to-date equipment and a harder seam of coal put us in a position to assure purchasers of greater satisfaction than was possible previously.

CHAMPION MINE

Duquesne & Vanbesien

There is No Good Reason Why Alberta Wheat Pool Members Should Not Deliver All Their Grain to

Alberta Pool Elevators

UNDER THE SYSTEM NOW IN EFFECT, ALBERTA WHEAT POOL WILL GIVE MEMBERS THE OPTION:

- (1) Of delivering their wheat on a Pool basis, accepting the prevailing initial payment, and participating in any future payments which may accrue from the pooling thereof; or
- (2) Of disposing of their wheat under any of the methods provided by The Canada Grain Act and obtaining full current market price for the same.

Any portion of a member's wheat may be pooled or any portion sold outright for cash.

COARSE GRAINS will be handled by Pool Elevators on a commercial basis only, full cash payment being made at closing the past year. Your patronage of Pool Elevators will preserve for Alberta grain producers a grower-controlled, co-operative elevator system that has abundantly proven its value.

Local and General

Mrs. J. Barker is on a visit to Banff.

E. Latiff will open a grocery store shortly.

Miss Ella Stephenson is spending her holidays at her home here.

Mrs. H. Gardener, Miss Ethel and Master Lawrence, are visiting at Blairmore.

Mrs. Alex Campbell of Calgary visited Mr. and Mrs. A. S. McDougall for a few days.

J. M. and Mrs. Moffatt, accompanied by Mrs. McKibbin attended the Pincher Creek fair on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Clapp, Mrs. Fields and Mrs. A. Kramer spent Sunday at the High River camp grounds.

F. Blachly of Vancouver arrived in town on Thursday, of last week, and will remain here for some time.

The garden party planned for August 20th by the Ladies' Aid has been abandoned owing to harvest activities.

Mrs. F. C. Alecock wishes to thank her many kind friends for sending flowers and gifts to her whilst in the hospital at Vulcan.

Champion exhibitors were quite extensive winners at the Carmanag fair. It is hoped to give these in detail as soon as the prize list is published.

Fred Alder delivered the first load of wheat to the local elevators. It was winter wheat, weighed 50 pounds to the bushel and graded No. 2. It was delivered to the Pool elevator.

This early arriving fall shortens the summer season altogether too much. A little more rain and less heat would have lengthened the life of every growing thing to general satisfaction.

The funeral service of William Jensen, of Raymond Hotel who passed away at his residence Saturday August 1, aged 49 years, was held on Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock from Hainstock & Son's parlors. Interment was made in the Edmonton cemetery, and the Rev. Mr. Villet officiated. Beautiful floral tributes were received from friends in all parts of the province, including officials of the U.G.G., the E. Eaton staff, Masonic Lodge No. 34. The pallbearers were friends of the deceased. He leaves to mourn his loss his wife and one daughter, Hazel.

Dr. and Mrs. Heal returned the first of the week from a two weeks' holiday, spent in the vicinity of Waterton Lakes.

It is understood the bonus of five cents per bushel on this year's wheat crop will be paid at time of delivery, whether the grain is sold or not.

The densest smoke from forest fires since 1908 was experienced on Tuesday night. The first date was acquired from an old timer. Forest fires in the vicinity of Fernie, B.C., were responsible. At one time it was reported that the city of Fernie was burning, but while the fire came very close, the more serious result was avoided.

A shower for Mrs. E. Granlin was held at the home of Mrs. J. C. Anderson last Friday.

The house was beautifully decorated with sweet peas and the guest of honor received many beautiful presents. Mrs. Granlin has been teacher of the Sanderson school for the past two years and had many friends in the vicinity.

Mrs. M. A. Theriault has returned home after spending a year with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Libby at Fort Kent Maine. Mrs. Theriault was also accompanied by Prof. Leo A. Long who recently returned from Europe where he studied music at the American College, Paris, France. Mr. Long also travelled in Europe, Egypt and Palestine. The trip west was made in four months by the way of Quebec and Montreal from there they took the Adirondacks trail to Niagara Falls. A stop was made in Chicago, the Black Hills and the Yellowstone Park. They arrived at Champion by the way of Glacier Park and Waterton Lakes.

Pageant Helps Entertain W.I.

A novel feature of the August meeting of the Women's Institute was the presentation of a pageant directed by Mrs. Chamberlain and Mrs. Milfin depicting the immigration of various countries to Canada. Edna Orr dressed as an Indian and singing and Indian song presented the first Canadian and later as a more modern Canada received the pledges of loyalty to the flag from the other nations. England was represented by John Bastin,